## THE FAITH OF JESUS; THE NATURE OF CHRIST.

"And the Word was made flesh." p. 1, Para. 1, [NATURE].

"When the fullness of the time was come, God sent forth His Son, made of a woman." Gal. 4:4. p. 1, Para. 2, [NATURE].

"And the Lord hath laid on Him the iniquity of us all." Isa. 53:6. p. 1, Para. 3, [NATURE].

We have seen that, in His being made of a woman, Christ reached sin at the very fountain head of its entrance into this world; and that He must be made of a woman to do this. p. 1, Para. 4, [NATURE].

And thus all the sin of this world, from its origin in the world to the end of it in the world, was laid upon Him: both sin as it is in itself and sin as it is when committed by us; sin in its tendency, and sin in the act; sin as it is hereditary in us, uncommitted by us, and sin as it is committed by us. p. 1, Para. 5, [NATURE].

Only thus could it be that there should be laid upon Him the iniquity of us all. Only by His subjecting himself to the law of heredity could He reach beyond the generation living in the world while He was here. Without this there could be laid upon Him our sins which have been actually committed, with the guilt and condemnation that belong to them. But, beyond this there is in each person, in many ways the liability to sin, inherited from generations back, which has not yet culminated in the act of sinning, but which is ever ready, when occasion offers, to blaze forth in the actual committing of sins. David's great sin is an illustration of this. Ps. 51: 5; 2 Sam. 11:2. p. 1, Para. 6, [NATURE].

In delivering us from sin, it is not enough that we shall be saved from the sins that we have actually committed; we must be saved from committing other sins. And that this may be so, there must be met and subdued this heredity liability to sin: we must become possessed of power to keep us from sinning -- a power to conquer this liability, this heredity tendency that is in us, to sin. p. 1, Para. 7, [NATURE].

All our sins which we have actually committed were laid upon Him, were imputed to Him, so that His righteousness may be laid upon us, may be imputed to us. And also our liability to sin was laid upon Him, in His being made flesh, in His being born of a woman, of the same flesh and blood as we are. p. 1, Para. 8, [NATURE].

Thus He met sin in the flesh which He took, and triumphed over it, as it is written: "God sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin, condemned sin IN THE FLESH." And again: "He is our peace, . . . having abolished in His flesh the enmity." p. 1, Para. 9, [NATURE].

And thus, just as our sins actually committed were imputed to Him, that His righteousness might be imputed to us; so His meeting and conquering, in the flesh, the liability to sin, and in that same flesh manifesting righteousness, enable us in Him, and Him in us, to meet and conquer in the flesh this same liability to sin, and to manifest righteousness in the same flesh. p. 1, Para. 10, [NATURE].

And thus it is that for the sins which we have actually committed, for the sins that are past, His righteousness is imputed to us, as our sins are imputed to Him. And to keep us from sinning, His righteousness is imparted to us in our flesh, as our flesh, with its liability to sin, was imparted to Him. p. 1, Para. 11, [NATURE].

Thus He is the complete Saviour: He saves from all the sins that we have actually committed, and saves equally from all the sins that we might commit, dwelling apart from Him. p. 2, Para. 1, [NATURE].

If He took not the same flesh and blood that the children of men have, with its liability to sin, then where could there be any philosophy or reason of any kind what ever in His genealogy as given in the Scriptures? He was descended from David; He was descended from Abraham; He was descended from Adam; and, by being made of a woman, He reached even back of Adam, to the beginning of sin in the world. p. 2, Para. 2, [NATURE].

In that genealogy there are Jehoiakim, who for his wickedness was "buried with the burial of an ass, drawn and cast forth beyond the gates of Jerusalem" [Jer. 22:19]; Manasseh, who caused Judah to do "worse than the heathen;"

Ahaz, who "made Judah naked, and transgressed sore against the Lord;" Rehoboam, who was born of Solomon after Solomon turned from the Lord; Solomon who was born of David and Bathsheba; there are also Ruth the Moabitess, and Rahab as well as Abraham, Isaac, Jesse, Asa, Jehoshaphat, Hezekiah, and Josiah; the worst equally with the best. And the evil deeds of even the best are recorded equally with the good. And there is hardly one whose life is written upon at all of whom there is not some wrong act recorded. p. 2, Para. 3, [NATURE].

Now it was at the end of such a genealogy as that "the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us." It was at the end of such a genealogy as that that he was "made of a woman." It was in such a line of descent as that that God sent "His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh.' And such a descent, such a genealogy, meant something to Him, as it does to every other man, under the great law that the iniquities of the fathers are visited upon the children to the third and forth generations. It meant everything to Him in the terrible temptations in the wilderness of temptation, as well as all the way through His life in the flesh. p. 2, Para. 4, [NATURE].

Thus both by heredity and by imputation, He was "laden with the sins of the world." And, thus laden, at this immense disadvantage, He passed over the ground where, at no shadow of any disadvantage, whatever, the first pair failed. p. 2, Para. 5, [NATURE].

By His death He paid the penalty of all sins actually committed, and thus can justly bestow His righteousness upon all who will receive it. And by condemning sin in the flesh, by abolishing in His flesh the enmity. He delivers from the law of heredity; and so can, in righteousness, impart His divine nature and power to lift above that law, and hold above it, every soul that will receive Him. p. 2, Para. 6, [NATURE].

And so it was written: "When the fullness of the time was come, God sent forth His Son, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law, that we might receive the adoption of sons." Gal. 4:4. And "God sending His own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for [on account of] sin, condemned sin in the flesh: that the righteousness of the law might be fulfilled in us, who walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit." Rom. 8:

3,4. And "He is our peace, . . . having abolished in His flesh the enmity, . . . for to make in Himself of twain [God and man] one new man, so making peace." Eph. 2: 14,15. p. 3, Para. 1, [NATURE].

Thus "in all things it behooved Him to be made like unto His brethren, that He might be a merciful and faithful high priest in things pertaining to God, to make reconciliation for the sins of the people. For in that He himself hath suffered being tempted, He is able to succor them that are tempted." p. 3, Para. 2, [NATURE].

Whether temptation be from within or from without, He is the perfect shield against it all, and so saves to the uttermost all who come unto God by Him. A. T. Jones. p. 3, Para. 3, [NATURE].